

Medical English for Health Professionals – Premium

Tutors' Manual

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1. Introduction

The Medical English for Health Professionals courses are specifically designed to prepare for effective communication between doctors and patients and others involved in the medical workplace. Medical English for Health Professionals is available at three levels: **Basic** (A1-A2), **Intermediate** (B1-B1+) and **Advanced** (B2-C1). Each of these modules is organised in sections, each section based on common situations and tasks and focusing on functions and language required within different sectors of the medical profession. The three modules are designed to fill the following needs:

Basic

Medical professionals in non-English speaking countries who need to speak English to deal with or treat foreigners and to complete medical insurance reports. Functions include: greetings, asking for and giving information, giving simple instructions and advice, and explaining.

Intermediate

Medical professionals in non-English speaking countries who need to deal with and treat English-speaking patients, as well as attend training sessions in English. Functions include: greetings, taking a medical history, diagnosing, prescribing treatment, giving therapeutic information and documenting findings.

Advanced

Medical professionals in non-English speaking countries who need to write scientific articles in English and present posters at international conferences, who are preparing to work in an English-speaking country, or who are preparing to take the General Medical Council (GMC) PLAB (Professional and Linguistic Assessments Board) test in the UK or the USMLE (United States Medical Licensing Examination) test in the US. Functions at the Advanced level include those mentioned in the Intermediate level along with: diagnostic hypotheses and ordering diagnostic studies, writing articles and attending conferences.

See detailed module contents in the table in section 3, Module outlines, below.

The Medical English for Health Professionals modules correspond to approximately 25 to 30 hours of study time and are divided into six sections. In each section there is a focus on vocabulary, grammar, functional language and pronunciation, along with reading, writing, listening and speaking practice. In this Premium version of the course there are two speaking tutorials and two written tutorials. There is also an option to include extra speaking tutorials.

The total time tutors should spend on conducting and marking tutorials per module is 1 hour 30 minutes. This corresponds to 15 minutes on each writing tutorial and 30 minutes on each speaking tutorial (20-minute conversation and 10 minutes for feedback and admin).

In addition to the tutorials, the students will find a ten-item test at the end of each section (a total of six tests of this type). There is also a longer, more complete test at the end of the



module (Final test). The Final test is in four sections and tests vocabulary, grammar, functional language, listening and reading.

2. Assessment

Assessment of a student's progress on the Medical English for Health Professionals – Premium modules is as follows:

Module tests and	Marks
tutorials	
Section 1 test	10
Section 2 test	10
Section 3 test	10
Section 4 test	10
Section 5 test	10
Section 6 test	10
Final test	40
Tutorials	60 (10 marks for each writing
	tutorial and 20 marks for each
	speaking tutorial)
Total	160

Students need to score at least 60% (96/160) to pass the module.

Marks should be awarded in the tutorials based on the student's ability to communicate effectively at the corresponding level to complete the objectives of the tutorial. Remember that 6 out of 10 is a pass for the writing tutorials and 12 out of 20 is a pass for the speaking tutorials.

Written feedback and a mark both on the writing tutorials and on the speaking tutorials should be sent to the student by mail on the platform. The mark should also be inputted to the platform so that the marks display correctly for students and course administrators.

3. Module outlines

Medical English for Health Professionals – Basic (A1-A2)

Section	Functions	Skills	Language
1. Introduction	Functions	Listening	Vocabulary
	 Greetings and basic social 	 Understanding dates and 	 Days, months, dates and numbers and ordinal
Summary	English	numbers	numbers
Practise greetings, spelling	 Understanding and spelling 	 Listening and writing names 	 Pronunciation of the alphabet
words and names, then	words	as they are spelt	• Common verbs: <i>be, help, spell, speak,</i>
practise saying numbers, days,	 Saying dates and numbers 	 Listen and understanding the 	
months and dates.		letters of the alphabet	Grammar
			 Basic question forms
			Present simple
2. Medical records	Functions	Listening	Vocabulary
	 Asking for information 	 Video: A medical check-up 	• A patient record: <i>date of birth, surname, gender,</i>
Summary	 Completing a form 	 Listening and completing a 	• Personal information: occupation, address, regular
Practise vocabulary from a	 Asking for details 	form	exercise,
medical record, then practise	 Giving basic information 		• Medical history: allergy, health, complaint,
asking for and giving	about yourself	Speaking	• Question words: What, How old,
information about a patient.		 Pronunciation in questions 	 Abbreviations: EHR, H&P, Hx,
		 Responding to answers 	
			Grammar
			Question forms
			 Present simple negation
			 Present continuous
			Contractions

Section	Functions	Skills	Language
3. A physical examination	Functions	Listening	Vocabulary
	 Giving a patient 	 Identifying parts of the body 	• Parts of the body: ear, eye, throat,
Summary	instructions	mentioned	 Internal parts of the body: lung, liver, spine,
Learn and practise vocabulary	 Describing the steps of a 	 Understanding instructions 	 Action verbs: take off, lift up, open,
of parts of the body, then	physical examination	given during a physical	 Items in the examination room: prescription,
watch videos and practise		examination	bandage, drops,
language of giving instructions		 Pronunciation: Parts of the 	
during a physical examination.		body	Grammar
			 Imperatives to give instructions
		Speaking	 Going to for intentions
		 Talking a patient through a 	
		physical examination	
4. Asking about symptoms	Functions	Listening	Vocabulary
	 Greeting a patient 	 Video: In the doctor's surgery 	 Aches and pains: pain, ache, hurt,
Summary	 Asking about symptoms 	 Understand a patient's 	 Symptoms: sore throat, feel sick,
Study vocabulary and ways of	 Responding to a patient's 	answers	
describing symptoms, then	answers		Grammar
practise asking a patient about		Speaking	 Adjectives, verbs and nouns
symptoms.		 Interviewing a patient 	 Word order: Affirmative and negative sentences
			 Present simple question forms: do and does

Section	Functions	Skills	Language
5. Prescribing treatment	Functions	Speaking	Vocabulary
	 Understanding a patient's 	 Responding to a patient's 	• Quantifying symptoms: really tired, a bad headache,
Summary	description of symptoms	questions	
Practise asking a patient about	 Giving a diagnosis 	 Starting and closing a 	• Expressions of frequency: <i>three times a day, every</i>
symptoms, making a diagnosis	 Giving instructions and 	consultation	six hours,
and giving advice, then study	advice		• Time expressions: <i>next year, tomorrow, in six</i>
time expressions and ways of		Listening	months,
talking about frequency.		 Understanding what the 	
		patient says	Grammar
			 Imperatives for instructions
			 Questions with how long
			 Questions about the past: did
			• Expressing opinions: I think you probably
6. Outpatient service	Functions	Speaking	Vocabulary
	 Understanding a patient's 	 Greeting and responding to 	• People at a hospital: patient, nurse, paediatrician,
Summary	needs	the public	• Describing where things are: turn right, not far,
Practise dealing with an	 Dealing with a request 		 Sections of a patient record: gender, address,
outpatient, explaining what is	 Saying that something is 	Reading	treatment,
necessary and completing a	not possible	 Understanding a simple 	• Vocabulary associated with treatment: <i>cotton, warm</i>
simple description on a patient	 Explaining and giving 	description on a patient record	water, discard,
record, then study ways of	directions		
talking about necessity, and	 Saying goodbye 	Listening	Grammar
referring to the past, present		 Video: Dealing with visitors to 	 Explaining what is or isn't necessary: need to and
and future.		the outpatients service	have to, don't need to, don't have to
			 Talking about the present, past and future: Past
		Writing	simple and continuous, would like and will
		Writing a diagnosis and advice	• Can and will be able to
		for treatment	

Section	Functions	Skills	Language
1. Introduction	Functions	Listening	Vocabulary
	 Welcoming and greeting 	 Different medical situations 	• People at a hospital: <i>surgeon, specialist, outpatient,</i>
Summary	people	 Video: Dealing with patients 	
Practise useful language you	 Explaining and giving 		• Parts of the body: ear, eye, nose, throat,
need when dealing with	instructions	Speaking	 Internal body parts: lung, liver, spine,
patients.	 Asking questions and 	 Pronunciation: Stress in long 	
	checking information	words	Grammar
	 Asking about symptoms 	 Pronunciation: Parts of the 	Question forms
	 Giving a diagnosis 	body	Will for offers
	 Giving a physical 		
	examination	Reading	
		• A medical quiz	
2. Taking a medical history	Functions	Listening	Vocabulary
	 Asking about medical 	 Video: Taking a medical 	• Medical vocabulary review: prescription, disease,
Summary	history	history	pulse,
Practise useful language to ask	 Responding to the patient 	 Video: Asking about past 	• Medical histories: painful, cough, swallow,
questions and respond to	 Giving instructions about 	medical history	• Travel
answers when taking a medical	treatment	 Understanding key 	
history, and study question		information	Grammar
forms and expressions of time			Word order in questions
and frequency.		Speaking	 Describing time and frequency
		 Stages of a consultation 	• Useful expressions: <i>first thing in the morning, at the</i>
		 Taking a medical history 	moment, since the operation,

Medical English for Health Professionals – Intermediate (B1-B1+)

3. A physical examination	Functions	Listening	Vocabulary
	 Giving a patient instructions 	 Video: A physical examination 	 Parts of the body: hip, shoulder, elbow,
Summary	 Explaining what you are 	 Understanding questions 	 Action verbs: take off, lie down, put out,
Review vocabulary of parts of	going to do	 Understanding a patient 	• Examination equipment: gown, gloves, scales,
the body, watch videos and	 Asking a patient about 		
practise language of giving	symptoms	Speaking	Grammar
instructions during a physical	 Responding to what a 	 Word stress 	 Review: Question forms
examination, then practise	patient says		 Imperatives to give instructions
verbs, vocabulary of		Writing	
equipment and pronunciation.		 Describing the stages of a 	
		physical examination	
4. Diagnosing	Functions	Listening	Vocabulary
	 Understanding symptoms 	 Understanding a description 	 Common symptoms: stiffness, lump, pain,
Summary	 Giving a diagnosis 	of symptoms	 Symptoms and body systems: skin: dryness, rashes,
Learn vocabulary of symptoms	 Explaining treatment and 	 Video: Diagnosing 	
and diagnoses, watch a video	its possible outcome		 Word building: feel, feeling, bleed, blood,
of ending a consultation,	 Describing causes 	Speaking	 Diagnostic tests: CT, stool test, biopsy,
practise describing causes and	 Ending a consultation 	 Pronunciation: Vowel sounds 	
giving a diagnosis.		 Pronunciation: Diagnostic 	Grammar
		tests	• Describing cause: caused by, because of, because,
			 Possibility: probably, possibly, might, could
		Writing	
		 Writing about different 	
		consultation scenarios	

5. Prescribing treatment	Functions	Listening	Vocabulary
and giving therapeutic	 Answering a patient's 	 Video: A doctor prescribing 	• Meaning from context: <i>sleepy, heavy smoker, cut</i>
information	questions	treatment	down,
	 Prescribing treatment 	 Understanding key 	• Treatment: dressing, discharge, sponge,
Summary	 Giving therapeutic 	information in different case	• Therapeutic information: <i>test results, antibiotics,</i>
Practise prescribing treatment and giving therapeutic	information and instructionsSaying something is	dialogues	treatment,
information, and study ways of	important	Speaking	Grammar
expressing precaution,	• Explaining to a parent or	Prescribing treatment and	 Intentions: going to and will
necessity, possibility and	family member	giving therapeutic information	 Imperatives for instructions
intention, and ways of			 Should for expected outcome
specifying treatment.			 Need to for necessity
			• Possibility vs. generally true: <i>may, might</i> and <i>can</i>
			• Expressing importance: important to, make sure,
			better not to, not forget,
			 So that, in case and if for conditions and
			precautions
6. Writing a patient report	Functions	Writing	Vocabulary
	 Understanding and writing 	• Linking information and ideas:	• Common medical abbreviations: A6E, BMI, Sx,
Summary	a history of present illness	however, also, because,	• Chief complaints: <i>irritability, feeding, feverish,</i>
Practise reading and writing an	 Describing key information 	 Verb forms and meanings 	
HPI (history of present illness)	 Linking events in an HPI 		Grammar
report, study useful		Reading	• Verb forms: Present simple, past simple, present
vocabulary, different verb		Reading and understanding	perfect, past passive
forms and words used to link		key information in an HPI	 Present perfect for unfinished periods
information or ideas in a		(history of present illness)	
report.			

Medical English for Health Professionals – Advanced (B2-C1)

Section	Functions	Functions and skills	Language
 Introduction Summary Review and practise useful language used in the medical profession. 	 Functions Understanding descriptions of common illnesses Describing symptoms of common illnesses Defining medical terms 	Listening • Descriptions of illnesses Reading • Interesting quotes • Brief descriptions of illnesses and conditions Speaking • Pronunciation: Word stress in common medical words	 Vocabulary Parts of the body: <i>liver, lung, bladder,</i> Common names for bones: <i>collarbone, jaw, skull,</i> Symptoms, conditions and treatment: <i>prescription, injury, dosage,</i> Scientific and medical words: <i>theory, tissue, disease,</i> Common illnesses: <i>mumps, chickenpox, measles,</i> Grammar Can for possible outcomes
2. Taking a medical history Summary Study useful language to ask questions, prompt patients and understand responses when taking a medical history, and practise summarising a chief complaint.	Functions • Describing injuries and body reactions • Using medical abbreviations • Making introductions and explaining what is going to happen • Confirming patient details • Taking a medical history • Asking follow-up questions • Responding to what the patient says • Asking appropriate questions	 Pronunciation: Vowel sounds Listening Taking a medical history Understanding important information in what the patient says Listening for facts Video: Details of a chief complaint Speaking Pronunciation: Injuries and body reactions Prompting and asking for more information Role play: Interview a patient Writing Completing notes while listening 	 Describing cause: cause, caused by Vocabulary Review: Injuries and body reactions: inflammation, sprain, swollen, Common medical abbreviations: A6E, BMI, Sx, Using appropriate words: left, forgotten, neglected, Phrasal verb review: go through, miss out, come across, Adjectives: throbbing, numb, rough, Grammar Formal and informal language: being diplomatic and asking appropriate questions Word order Colloquial language: have a chat, as we go along,

3. Diagnostic hypotheses	Functions	Listening	Vocabulary
and studies	 Describing diagnostic tests 	 Understanding statements 	• Review of diagnostic test types: <i>biopsy, MRI scan,</i>
	for patients	related to protocols and	ultrasound,
Summary Review diagnostic test vocabulary, practise describing diagnostic test protocol, clinical conditions and diagnostic tests, then practise writing a diagnosis and diagnostic study request.	for patients • Describing clinical conditions and appropriate tests • Following and summarising a training video • Describing protocols • Taking notes	 procedures Understanding descriptions of clinical conditions Listening for gist: A training video about imaging requests Listening and taking notes Reading Reading for important information: A diagnostic imaging protocol Read and analyse a medical history Speaking Pronunciation: Vowel sounds Writing Terms used in a written medical history 	 <i>ultrasound,</i> Appropriate verbs for a protocol: <i>provide, ensure, adhered,</i> Illnesses and conditions: <i>measles, conjunctivitis, arthritis,</i> Synonyms: <i>acute – severe, mild – light,</i> Clothing: Appropriate vocabulary in a technical explanation: <i>outweigh, indicate, carry out,</i> Grammar Linking information in a medical history Collocations: <i>sudden onset, stabbing pain, thoracic region,</i>
		 history Speaking Pronunciation: Vowel sounds Writing Terms used in a written 	

4. Giving the patient	Functions	Listening	Vocabulary
information	 Taking and giving 	 Listening for the gist of 	 Vocabulary review: puffy, dizzy, faint,
	information to a patient	different conversations	 IV placement: catheter, vein, prick,
Summary Study useful strategies and	 Confirming information Giving instructions 	• Video: Giving bad news	Hospital vocabulary: <i>ward, shift, bedside,</i>
language for giving patients	• Explaining a condition and	Speaking	Grammar
and medical staff information,	treatment to a patient	Being tactful: Useful	• Useful expressions: get up to speed, in answer to
then practise giving bad news	 Giving bad news 	expressions	your question,
to a patient.	 Explaining a plan of action 	 Pronunciation: Connected 	 Indirect forms: Being tactful
	 Being tactful 	speech	 Using just to soften statements
		• Role play: Giving a patient bad	
		news	
5. Documenting findings	Functions	Reading	Vocabulary
	 Summarising and article 	 Read an article: Reading for 	 Review: Medical vocabulary
Summary	 Finding key information in 	gist	• Scientific and academic words: researchers, unlikely,
Practise strategies for reading	an article	 Read and analyse a case 	according,
reports and articles, study	 Writing a case report 	report	
scientific and academic words,		 Understand meaning from 	Grammar
ways of linking ideas and		context	 Linking ideas and information
information, modal verbs and		 Reading for detailed 	• Modal verbs: <i>can</i> and <i>may</i> for generally true vs.
verb forms found in a case		understanding	possibility
report, then practise writing a		5	• Verb forms in a report: passive and active forms
case study.		Writing	
		 Sequencing and linking events 	
		in a case report	
		Write a case report	

6. Medical presentations	Functions	Listening	Grammar
	 Following a presentation 	 Video: A medical 	 –ing forms and to + infinitive
Summary	 Making a presentation 	presentation, listening for gist	• Linking ideas and information: <i>although, since, even</i>
Watch and analyse a short	 Giving opinions 		<i>if,</i>
medical presentation, practise	 Contrasting ideas and 	Speaking	• Expressing concession and contrast: although, while,
the use of the <i>-ing</i> form and	information	 Pronunciation: Pausing and 	nevertheless,
infinitives, ways of contrasting		phrasing	 Expressing facts and opinions: arguably,
information, expressing facts		 Structuring and delivering a 	undoubtedly, it is thought that,
and opinions, concession and		presentation	• Describing cause and effect: <i>as a result, because of,</i>
contrast, and how to use			
pauses and phrasing when			
speaking.			



4. Module guide for tutors

Medical English for Health Professionals (Basic)

Contents:

This module covers the following content:

1. Introduction

Practise greetings, spelling words and names, then practise saying numbers, days, months and dates.

- Greetings
- The alphabet
- Spelling words and names
- Saying numbers
- Saying days and dates
- Test 1

2. Medical records

Practise vocabulary from a medical record, then practise asking for and giving information about a patient.

- A patient record
- Video: Asking for patient information
- Asking questions to complete a medical record
- Question forms
- Medical abbreviations
- Talking about a patient
- Affirmation and negation
- Writing Tutorial 1 (Write about you and about a patient.)
- Test 2

3. A physical examination

Learn and practise vocabulary of parts of the body, then watch videos and practise language of giving instructions during a physical examination.

- Vocabulary: Parts of the body
- A medical examination
- Video: Giving a patient instructions
- Vocabulary: Action verbs
- Pronunciation: Vowel sounds
- Vocabulary: In the examination room
- Speaking Tutorial 1 (Talk about your work and practise asking questions.)
- Test 3

4. Asking about symptoms

Study vocabulary and ways of describing symptoms, then practise asking a patient about symptoms.



- Vocabulary: Aches and pains
- Vocabulary: Symptoms
- Word order: Describing symptoms
- Video: A patient describes symptoms
- Word order: Questions
- Questions and answers
- Speaking Tutorial 2 (Talk about physical examinations and symptoms.)
- Test 4

5. Prescribing treatment

Practise asking a patient about symptoms, making a diagnosis and giving advice, then study time expressions and ways of talking about frequency.

- Symptoms and advice
- Video: Asking a patient questions
- Video: Making a diagnosis
- Prescribing treatment and giving instructions
- Useful phrases
- Talking about frequency
- Time expressions
- Writing Tutorial 2 (Write a diagnosis and give advice.)
- Test 5

6. Outpatient service

Practise dealing with an outpatient, explaining what is necessary and completing a simple description on a patient record, then study ways of talking about necessity, and referring to the past, present and future.

- Vocabulary: People at a hospital
- Video: Dealing with a patient
- Useful expressions
- Explaining what is necessary
- Past, present and future
- Completing a patient record
- Writing practice

Final test

Check what you have learnt.

Feedback

Send us your feedback on this module.

Tutorials:

There are two speaking tutorials and two writing tutorials in this module.

Writing Tutorial 1 (Section 2. Medical records)

These are the instructions the student sees in the module:

2. Medical records

Writing Tutorial 1 (Write about you and about a patient.)

Write to your tutor

1. Look at the patient record. Write six sentences about the patient.

Patient record					
Last name	First name	MR Number			
Lee	Amanda	321108395			
Address	Postcode	Phone number			
278 Long Avenue	46360	564 658 1312			
Brisbane, Australia					
Date of birth	Gender	Occupation			
(day/month/year)	Female	chemist			
03/09/1989					
Know allergies	Habits				
gluten and penicillin		Smoke: No			
		Exercise: 4 times a week			
Medication					
Ventolin					

For example:

The patient is a woman. She is a ... She is ... years old. She is from ... She doesn't ...

2. Write sentences about you and your work. Write about:

- your name and where you live
- your work, or work you would like to do
- your work history
- your English studies

For example:

My name is Ana. I am a nurse and I live in Andalucía. I work in a hospital. The name of the hospital is ... I have worked there for six years. I like my job. I work in the ... department of the hospital. I usually ...

I started studying English in ... I want to learn more English because ...

Write approximately 75 words.

Send the completed task to your tutor.

Mark: Award a mark out of 10.



Speaking Tutorial 1 (Section 3. A physical examination)

These are the instructions the student sees in the module:

3. A physical examination

Speaking Tutorial 1 (Talk about your work and practise asking questions.)

Speak to your tutor

Send your tutor an email suggesting a day and time for the speaking tutorial.

In this tutorial you will talk about you and your work, and practise asking questions.

On the phone

- Hello. This is ... I am phoning to do the speaking tutorial. How are you today?
- Fine thanks. And you?
- I'm fine too.

Talk about you

- My name is ... I am a...
- I live in I work in a ...
- I have worked there for ... years. I like my job. I work in the ... department of ...
- At work I normally ...
- I started studying English in ...
- I want to learn more English because ...

Ask questions

Ask your tutor questions to complete the patient record.

- What is your last name?
- What's your date of birth?
- And your address?
- What's your postcode?
- Do you have a phone number?
- What do you do?
- Do you have any allergies?
- Are you taking any kind of medication at the moment?
- Do you smoke?
- Do you do any regular exercise?

Patient record				
Last name First name		MR Number		
		321108395		
Address	Postcode	Phone number		



Date of (day/month/year)	birth	Gender	Occupation
Know allergies		Habits	
			Smoke:
			Exercise:
Medication			

At the end of the tutorial

Say goodbye to your tutor.

Well thank you. It was nice speaking to you. I will speak to you again soon. Goodbye.

Mark: Award a mark out of 20.

Speaking Tutorial 2 (Section 4. Asking about symptoms)

These are the instructions the student sees in the module:

In this tutorial you will talk about what you do during a physical examination, ask questions about symptoms and make a diagnosis.

On the phone

- Hello. This is ... I am phoning to do the speaking tutorial. How are you today?
- Fine thanks. And you?
- I'm fine too.

Talk about what you do during a physical examination.

- First I ...
- Then I ...
- Next I ...

Ask questions about symptoms

Ask your tutor questions to make a diagnosis.

[The tutor should prepare a list of typical symptoms, for example for flu or food poisoning, and answer the learner's questions.]

For example:

- Do you have a temperature?
- Do your eyes hurt?
- Does your leg hurt?
- Is your ankle sore?
- Do you have a pain in your stomach?
- How long have you felt like this?



- Do you have any other symptoms?
- Do you have any allergies?

Talk about being ill

What are common medical problems that patients have? Do you get ill very often?

Mark: Award a mark out of 20.

Writing Tutorial 2 (Section 5. Prescribing treatment)

These are the instructions the student sees in the module:

1. Write a diagnosis and advice or treatment for the situations, 1 to 4.

For example:

Situation: The patient often goes swimming and has an earache. **Diagnosis:** The patient has an ear infection, probably caused by water in the ear. **Advice or treatment:** Put drops in the ear every six hours.

Situation 1: The patient has a headache, feels tired and has a temperature.

Situation 2: The patient's daughter has a red eye. There is a discharge (liquid) from the eye.

Situation 3: The skin between the toes of the patient is red.

Situation 4: The patient has a sore throat but doesn't have a temperature.

Send the completed task to your tutor.

Mark: Award a mark out of 10.

Medical English for Health Professionals (Intermediate)

Contents:

This module covers the following content:

1. Introduction

Practise useful language you need when dealing with patients.

- Vocabulary: People at a hospital
- Pronunciation: Stress in long words
- Medical quiz
- Video: Dealing with patients
- Stages of a physical examination
- Vocabulary: Parts of the body
- Test 1

2. Taking a medical history

Practise useful language to ask questions and respond to answers when taking a medical history, and study question forms and expressions of time and frequency.

- Vocabulary: Medical history
- Video: Taking a medical history
- Stages of a consultation
- Introductions
- Checking patient information
- Responding to the patient
- Word order of questions
- Video: Asking about past medical history
- Describing time and frequency
- Speaking Tutorial 1 (Take a medical history.)
- Test 2

3. A physical examination

Review vocabulary of parts of the body, watch videos and practise language of giving instructions during a physical examination, then practise verbs, vocabulary of equipment and pronunciation.

- Review questions
- Vocabulary review: Parts of the body
- Video: A physical examination
- Giving a patient instructions
- Vocabulary: Action verbs
- Vocabulary: Examination equipment
- Pronunciation: Word stress
- Writing Tutorial 1 (Write about how you carry out a physical examination.)
- Test 3



4. Diagnosing

Learn vocabulary of symptoms and diagnoses, watch a video of ending a consultation, practise describing causes and giving a diagnosis.

- Video: Diagnosing a patient
- Ending a consultation
- Vocabulary: Common symptoms
- Patients' descriptions of symptoms
- Describing causes
- Pronunciation: Vowel sounds
- Vocabulary: Word building
- Diagnostic tests
- Writing Tutorial 2 (Write about diagnosing a patient.)
- Test 4

5. Prescribing treatment and giving therapeutic information

Practise prescribing treatment and giving therapeutic information, and study ways of expressing precaution, necessity, possibility and intention, and ways of specifying treatment.

- Video: Prescribing treatment
- Different functions
- Giving therapeutic information
- Saying something is important
- So that, in case and if
- Specifying treatment
- Speaking Tutorial 2 (Prescribe treatment and give therapeutic information.)
- Test 5

6. Writing a patient report

Practise reading and writing an HPI (history of present illness) report, study useful vocabulary, different verb forms and words used to link information or ideas in a report.

- Common medical abbreviations
- Reading an HPI
- Vocabulary: Useful words in an HPI
- Verb forms: Present and past simple, present perfect and past passive
- Linking information and ideas
- Test 6

Final test

Check what you have learnt.

Feedback

Send us your feedback on this module.

Tutorials:



There are two speaking tutorials and two writing tutorials in this module.

Speaking Tutorial 1 (Section 2. Taking a medical history)

These are the instructions the student sees in the module:

Send your tutor an email suggesting a day and time for the speaking tutorial.

In this tutorial your tutor will play the role of a patient and you will interview him or her and take a medical history. Remember to do the following:

- Introduce yourself
- Ask what name the patient prefers to be called
- Ask about a chief complaint
- Ask for detailed information
- Ask about medical history
- Respond to what the patient says

[The tutor can either talk about a real chief complaint (the reason for going to the doctor), or make up a chief complaint. For example: back pain, a sore knee, insomnia, flu, etc.]

Mark: Award a mark out of 20.

Writing Tutorial 1 (Section 3. A physical examination)

These are the instructions the student sees in the module:

In this tutorial you will write to your tutor to describe (in your own words) what you do when you carry out a physical examination.

For example:

The first thing I do is After that I I do this to see if/find out ...

The next thing I do is ... Then I ... I do this because ...

At the end of the examination I ... and ...

Write approximately 200 words.

Send the completed task to your tutor.

Mark: Award a mark out of 10.



Writing Tutorial 2 (Section 4. Diagnosing)

These are the instructions the student sees in the module:

In this tutorial you will write about what you do and say to a patient in English when you are diagnosing.

Write the answers to these questions. Give as many examples as possible.

1. If English-speaking patients came to your surgery, how would you greet them in English?

For example: First, I would introduce myself. I would say ... and then Then, I would ...

2. How do you begin to ask about symptoms?

For example: First I say, "Now, what seems ...? Then I ask specific questions, like, ...

3. Choose **TWO** of the patients below. Look at the symptoms. What questions do you ask the patient? What else do you do? What diagnostic tests would you ask for or carry out?

- Patient 1: diarrhoea
- Patient 2: abdominal pain
- Patient 3: chest pain
- Patient 4: difficulty swallowing
- Patient 5: a fever

Send the completed task to your tutor.

Mark: Award a mark out of 10.

Speaking Tutorial 2 (Section 5. Prescribing treatment and giving therapeutic information)

These are the instructions the student sees in the module:

Send your tutor an email suggesting a day and time for the speaking tutorial.

In this tutorial you will practise prescribing treatment and giving therapeutic information.

1. Imagine your tutor is a patient. Prescribe treatment and give therapeutic information for some of the following health problems and answer your patient's questions.



- a superficial wound
- a broken finger
- pneumonia
- a sore throat and cough

2. Do you have any questions about things you have studied so far? Ask you tutor if you have any doubts.

At the end of the tutorial

Say goodbye to your tutor.

For example: Well thank you. It was nice speaking to you. I hope to speak to you again sometime. Goodbye.

Mark: Award a mark out of 20.

Medical English for Health Professionals (Advanced)

Contents:

This module covers the following content:

1. Introduction

Review and practise useful language used in the medical profession.

- Interesting quotes
- Pronunciation: Common medical words
- Vocabulary: Parts of the body
- Vocabulary: Common names for bones
- Symptoms, conditions and treatment
- Common illnesses
- Understand descriptions of common illnesses
- Test 1

2. Taking a medical history

Study useful language to ask questions, prompt patients and understand responses when taking a medical history, and practise summarising a chief complaint.

- Vocabulary: Injuries and body reactions
- Common medical abbreviations
- Taking medical histories
- Asking appropriate questions
- Video: Taking details of a chief complaint
- Prompting a patient
- Summarising a chief complaint
- Phrasal verb review
- Vocabulary: Adjectives
- Speaking Tutorial 1 (Take a medical history.)
- Test 2

3. Diagnostic hypotheses and studies

Review diagnostic test vocabulary, practise describing diagnostic test protocol, clinical conditions and diagnostic tests, then practise writing a diagnosis and diagnostic study request.

- Review diagnostic test vocabulary
- Describing diagnostic imaging protocol
- Common abbreviations
- Clinical conditions and diagnostic tests
- Vocabulary: Synonyms
- Describing clinical conditions
- Pronunciation: Words with the /aɪ/ sound
- Writing imaging referrals
- Listening and notetaking
- Diagnosis and diagnostic study requests



- Writing Tutorial 1 (Write a medical history and diagnostic study request.)
- Test 3

4. Giving the patient information

Study useful strategies and language for giving patients and medical staff information, then practise giving bad news to a patient.

- Giving information: Different situations
- Explaining to a patient
- Giving instructions
- Video: Giving bad news
- Being tactful
- Using just
- Useful phrases
- Pronunciation: Connected speech
- Speaking Tutorial 2 (Practise giving a patient bad news.)
- Test 4

5. Documenting findings

Practise strategies for reading reports and articles, study scientific and academic words, ways of linking ideas and information, modal verbs and verb forms found in a case report, then practise writing a case study.

- Review more useful vocabulary
- Read and summarise a scientific article
- Vocabulary: Scientific and academic words
- Read a case report
- Understanding meaning in context
- Linking ideas and information
- Modal verbs: *Can* and *may*
- Verb forms in a report
- Writing Tutorial 2 (Write a case report abstract)
- Test 5

6. Medical presentations

Watch and analyse a short medical presentation, practise the use of the *-ing* form and infinitives, ways of contrasting information, expressing facts and opinions, concession and contrast, and how to use pauses and phrasing when speaking.

- Video: Giving a presentation
- Summarising what you hear
- Verb forms: -*ing* forms and *to* + infinitive.
- Linking ideas and information
- Pronunciation: Pausing and phrasing
- Expressing facts and opinions
- Linking ideas and information: Concession and contrast
- Describing cause and effect
- Test 6



Final test Check what you have learnt.

Feedback

Send us your feedback on this module.

Tutorials:

There are two speaking tutorials and two writing tutorials in this module.

Speaking Tutorial 1 (Section 2. Taking a medical history)

These are the instructions the student sees in the module:

Send your tutor an email suggesting a day and time for the speaking tutorial.

In this tutorial your tutor will play the role of a patient and you will interview him or her and take a medical history. Remember to do the following:

- Introduce yourself
- Ask what name the patient prefers to be called
- Ask about a chief complaint
- Ask for detailed information
- Ask about medical history
- Respond to what the patient says

[The tutor can either talk about a real chief complaint (the reason for going to the doctor), or make up a chief complaint. For example: back pain, a sore knee, insomnia, flu, allergy, etc.]

Mark: Award a mark out of 20.

Writing Tutorial 1 (Section 3. Diagnostic hypotheses and studies)

These are the instructions the student sees in the module:

Think of a recent or hypothetical case that requires some kind of diagnostic study. Write the medical history and diagnostic study request.

Include the following about the patient and case:

- History
- Physical examination
- Diagnostic studies to request
- Clinical question for diagnostic study request



Write approximately 200 words.

Send the completed task to your tutor.

Mark: Award a mark out of 10.

Speaking Tutorial 2 (Section 4. Giving the patient information)

These are the instructions the student sees in the module:

Send your tutor an email suggesting a day and time for the speaking tutorial.

In this tutorial your tutor will play the role of a patient and you will play the role of a doctor giving the patient bad news. Either use the same situation as in the video in this section or, alternatively, use a scenario of your choice.

[The tutor should watch the video in exercise 8 of this section and be prepared to play a similar role as the patient.]

Remember to do the following:

- Introduce yourself
- Assess the patient's perception of the case
- Obtain the patient's invitation to explain the case
- Give the patient important information about the case
- Address the patient with empathy
- Provide a strategy and summarise what will happen next

Try to use phrases that you practised in this section:

Useful phrases

So, could you just tell me ... I just want to get up to speed with ... Do you have any thoughts about why ... First, I want to make sure I have all the information. As I said, ... I'm afraid there is something that is potentially worrying. What we need to do now is ... I'm very sorry to have to tell you this, but ... Do you have any questions at this stage? In answer to your question, ... I understand that I have just given you a lot of information, ... It's important to say at this stage that... I wonder if you might want to read this before...

Mark: Award a mark out of 20.



Writing Tutorial 2 (Section 5. Documenting findings)

These are the instructions the student sees in the module:

In this tutorial you will write a case report and send it to your tutor.

Write the abstract for a case report for a recent or interesting case that you have been involved with.

Include the following sections in your abstract:

- Title
- Background (30-40 words)
- Case presentation (75-100 words)
- Conclusion (100-120 words)
- Keywords

If need be, you can refer to the abstract in the case report in the previous exercise and use that as a model.

Send the completed task to your tutor.

Mark: Award a mark out of 10.